



Predicting European forest soil biodiversity and its functioning under climate change



SoilForEUROPE

<http://websie.cefe.cnrs.fr/soilforeurope/>

Stephan Hättenschwiler (Partner 1, CEFE Montpellier)



Funded projects final conference, 12-13 November 2019, Brussels

BiodivERsA COFUND Call (2015-2016)

« Understanding and managing biodiversity dynamics to improve ecosystem functioning and delivery of ecosystem services in a global change context: the cases of soils and sediments, and land- river and sea-scapes »



CONSORTIUM DESCRIPTION

Partner 1 (coordinator): Stephan Hättenschwiler, **CEFE Montpellier**, France, ANR

Partner 2: Alexandru Milcu, **Ecotron Montpellier**, France, ANR

Partner 3: Liesbet Vranken, **KU Leuven**, Belgium, Belspo/FWO

Partner 4: Paul Kardol, **SLU Umeå**, Sweden, Formas

Partner 5: François Buscot, **UFZ Halle/iDiv Leipzig**, Germany, DFG

Partner 6: Kris Verheyen, **U Gent**, Belgium, Belspo/FWO

Partner 7: Michael Scherer-Lorenzen, **Uni Freiburg**, DFG

Partner 4a (sub-contracted): Matty Berg, **VU Amsterdam**, The Netherlands, Formas

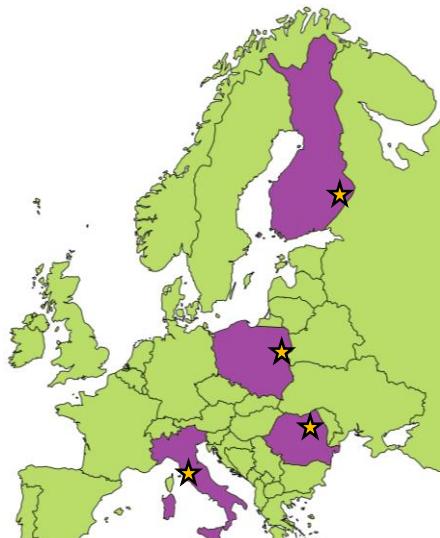
Partner A (self-funded): Hervé Jactel, **INRA Bordeaux**, France



PROJECT DESCRIPTION

AIMS

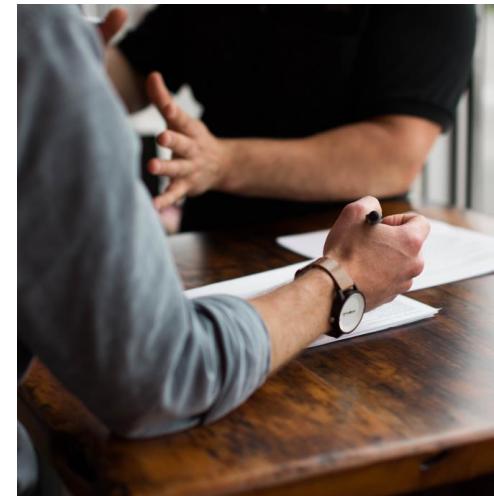
- 1) Evaluating links between tree species richness and soil biodiversity.
- 2) Assessing the role of soil biodiversity in ecosystem resistance and resilience.
- 3) Analyzing the socio-economic value of soil biodiversity and its impact on decision making.



Four forest ecosystems



Climate manipulation, Ecotron



Socio-economic evaluation

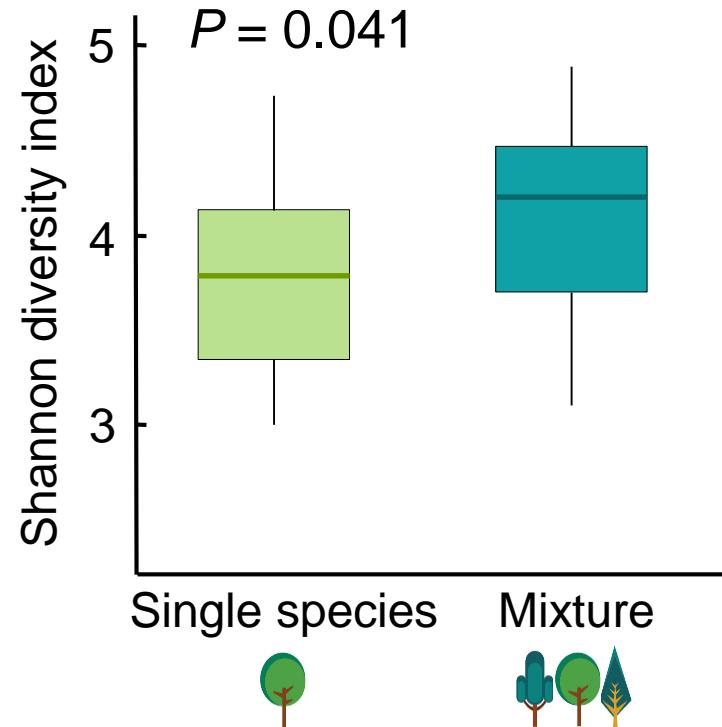


SCIENTIFIC OUTPUTS



Sampling the Italian site

Fungal species diversity



Prada Salcedo et al. *in prep.*

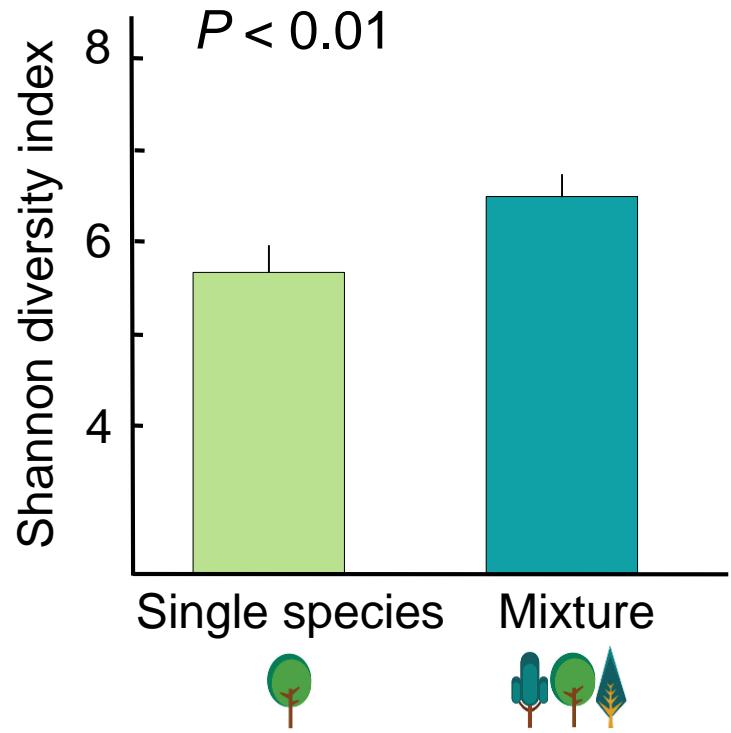


SCIENTIFIC OUTPUTS



Soil fauna

Diversity of soil fauna



Ganault et al. *in prep.*



SCIENTIFIC OUTPUTS



Picea abies

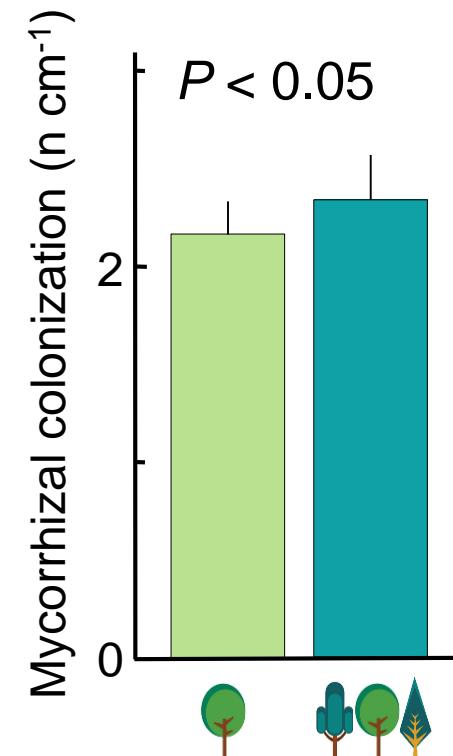
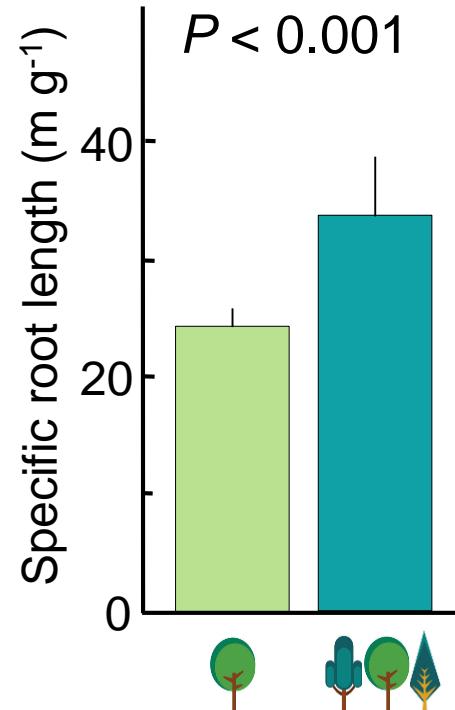
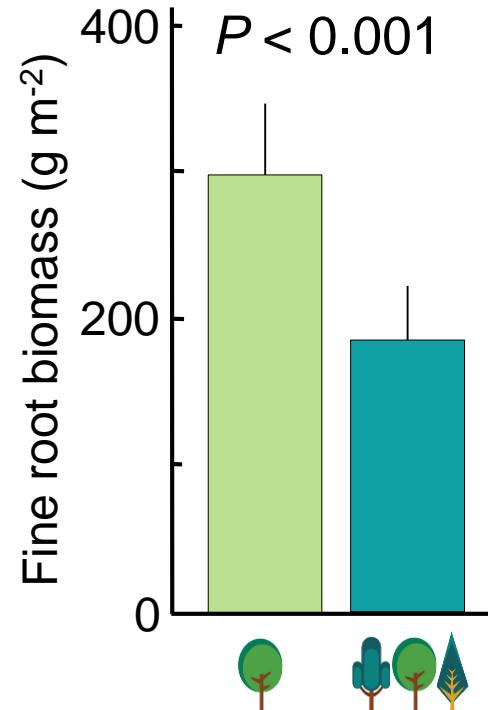


Carpinus betulus



Pinus sylvestris

Biomass and traits of absorptive roots



Wambsganss et al. *in prep.*



SCIENTIFIC OUTPUTS

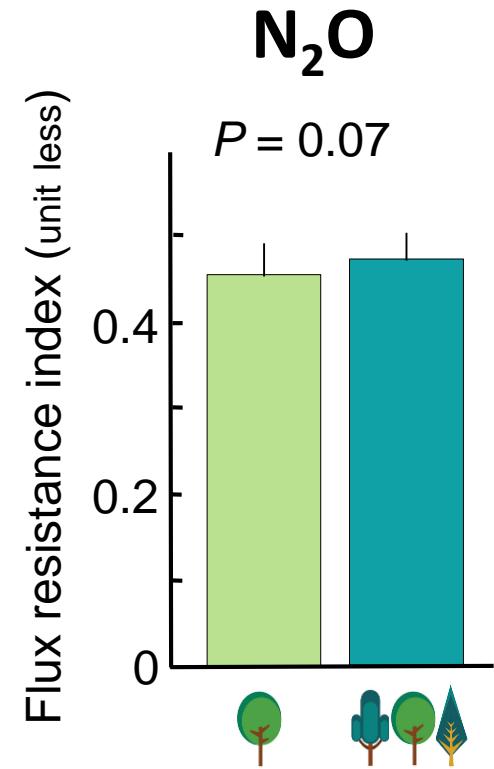
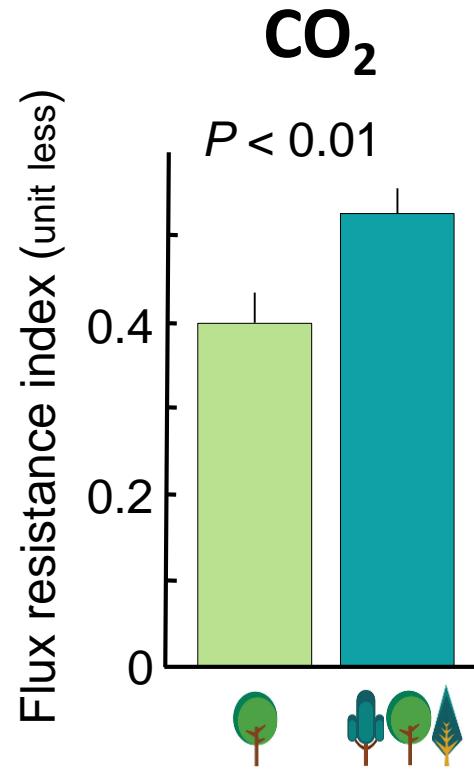
Soil microbial resistance to drying-rewetting cycles



Soil samples from the four sites



Exposure to drying-rewetting in the Ecotron

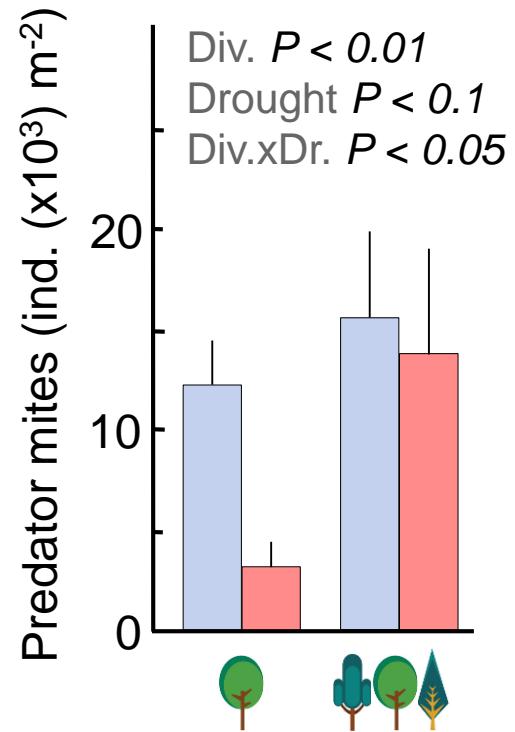
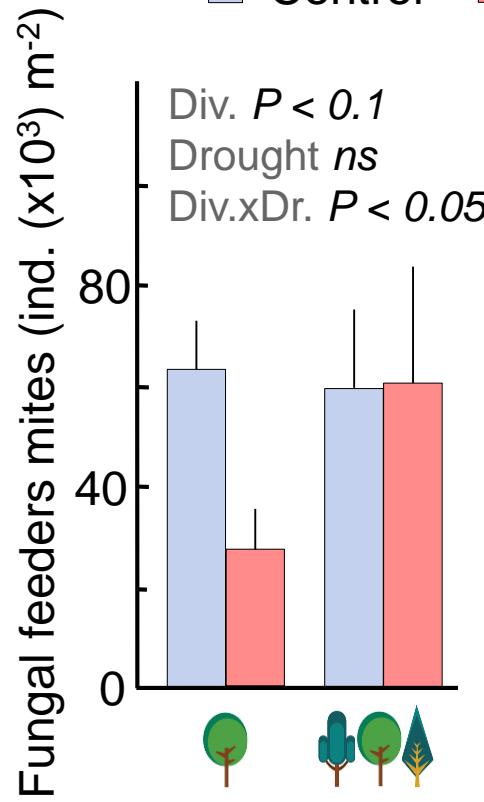
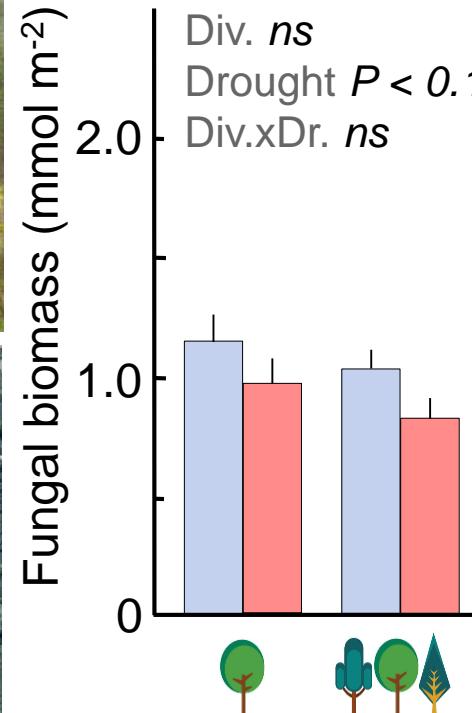


Gillespie et al. *in prep.*



SCIENTIFIC OUTPUTS

Interactive drought x mixture effects on soil organisms

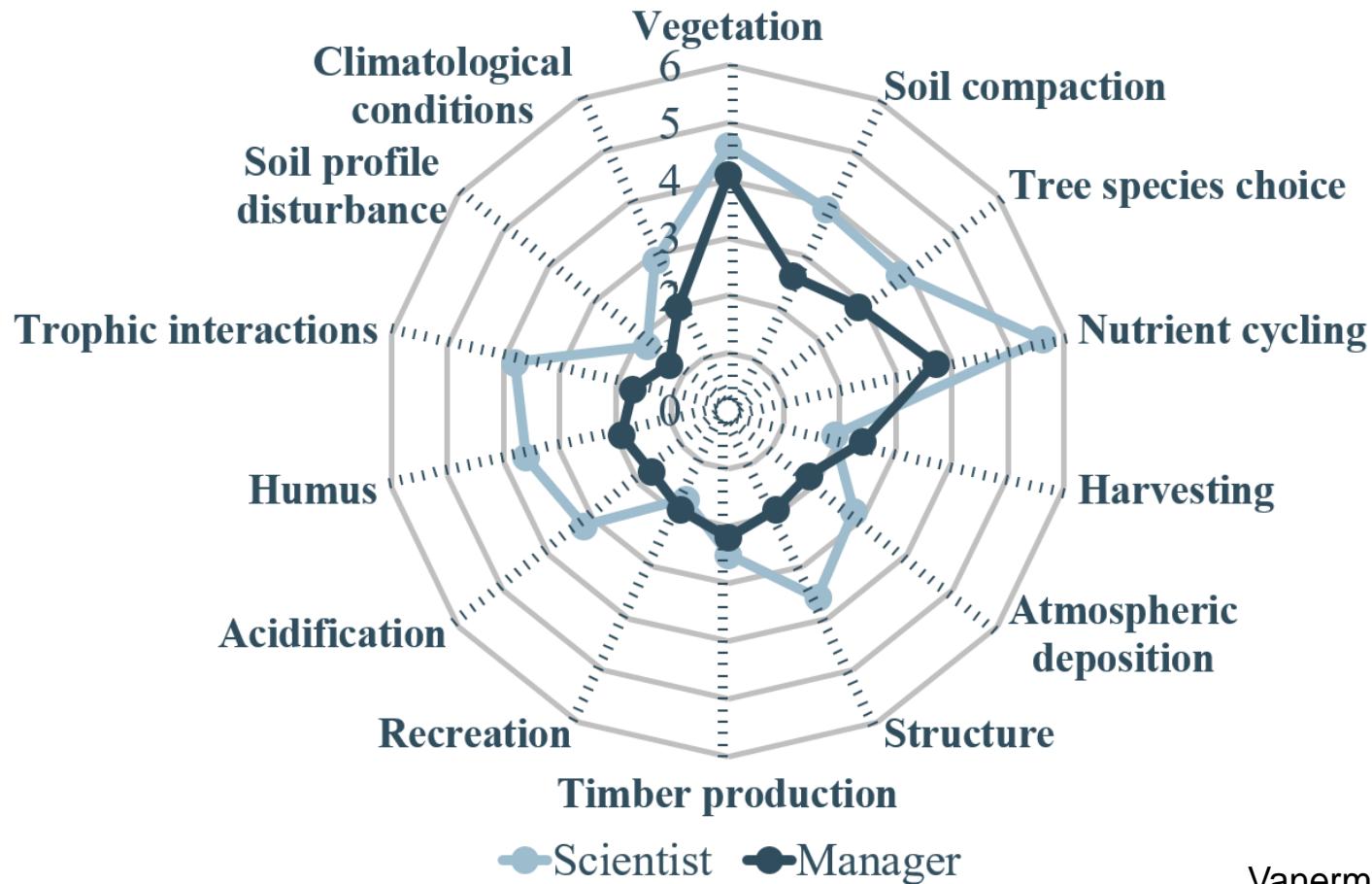


Experimental site ORPHEE

Henneron et al. *in prep.*

SOCIETAL / POLICY OUTPUTS

Soil biodiversity: comparative knowledge mapping



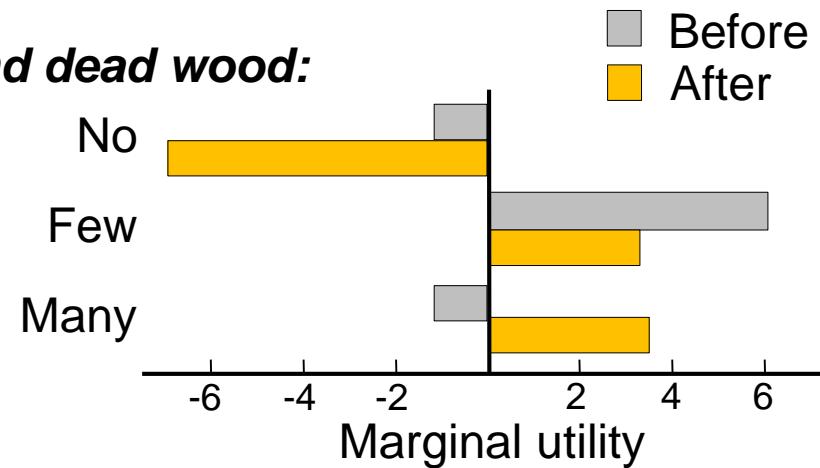


SOCIETAL / POLICY OUTPUTS

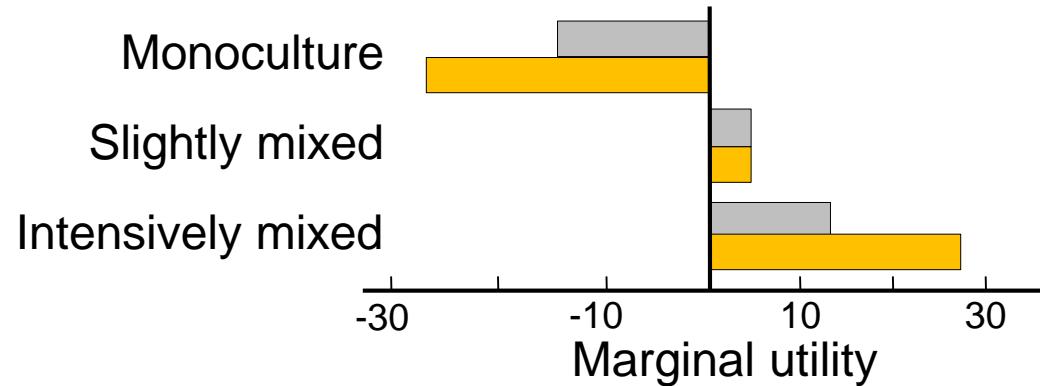
Soil biodiversity information and public preferences for forest management



Old trees and dead wood:



Tree species diversity:





SOCIETAL / POLICY OUTPUTS



Soil For
EUROPE

Forest soil biodiversity

02:46

vimeo

<http://websie.cefe.cnrs.fr/soilforeurope/approach-4/>



CONCLUSIONS

- Remarkably consistent tree mixture effects across a broad climatic gradient and distinct forest types.
- Tree mixtures mitigate drought effects on soil communities and their activities.
- Diffuse knowledge about the importance of soil biodiversity among forest managers.
- Information about soil biodiversity modifies management decisions.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This research was funded through the 2015-2016 BiodivERsA COFUND call for research proposals, with the national funders:

- Agence Nationale de la Recherche (ANR, France)
- Belgian Science Policy Office (BELSPO, Belgium)
- Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG, Germany)
- Research Foundation Flanders (FWO, Belgium)
- The Swedish Research Council (FORMAS, Sweden)

